

Techniques de réécriture

TD n°3 : Termination using dependency

Exercise 1 :

We consider the following rewriting system R :

$$\{m(x, 0) \rightarrow x ; m(s(x), s(y)) \rightarrow m(x, y) ; q(0, s(y)) \rightarrow 0 ; q(s(x), s(y)) \rightarrow s(q(m(x, y), s(y))) ; \\ p(0, y) \rightarrow y ; p(s(x), y) \rightarrow s(p(x, y)) ; m(m(x, y), z) \rightarrow m(x, p(y, z))\}$$

The goal of this exercise is to prove its termination using the theory of dependency pairs.

1. Show that you cannot prove termination of R using a RPO or a KBO.
2. What are the defined symbols ?
3. Compute the marked dependency pairs.
4. Which pairs are connectable ? Draw the dependency graph approximation.
5. Are those pairs connected in the dependency graph ?
6. What are the inequalities that are enough to consider ? In particular, why the following inequalities :

$$q^\#(s(x), s(y)) \geq m^\#(x, y) \quad m^\#(m(x, y), z) \geq p^\#(y, z)$$

can be ignored ?

7. Find a weakly monotonic polynomial interpretation on integers satisfying those inequalities.

Exercise 2 :

An argument filtering TRS (AFTRS for short) on F is a rewrite system A on $F \sqcup F'$ for some F' such that the rules of A are of the form :

- either $f(x_1, \dots, x_n) \rightarrow g(y_1, \dots, y_k)$ with $f \in F$, $g \in F'$, the x_i are pairwise different, $y_j \in \{x_1, \dots, x_n\}$ and are pairwise different ;
- either $f(x_1, \dots, x_n) \rightarrow x_i$ with $f \in F$ and the x_j pairwise different.

Moreover, for every symbol $f \in F$, there is at most one rule of this form.

1. Prove that an AFTRS always terminates and is confluent.

Fix A an AFTRS and note t_A the normal form of t with respect to A . An inequality problem is a pair $IN_{\geq}, IN_{>}$ of relations on terms.

2. Prove that if there is \geq , a well founded weakly monotonic quasi-ordering on terms on $F \sqcup F'$, closed under substitution such that :
 - for every $(s, t) \in IN_{\geq}$, $s_A \geq t_A$;
 - for every $(s, t) \in IN_{>}$, $s_A > t_A$.then there is such quasi-order \geq' on F satisfying $IN_{\geq} \subseteq \geq'$ and $IN_{>} \subseteq >'$.
3. Find a AFTRS for which you can apply question 2. on the set of inequalities obtained in exercise 1, question 6 with a RPO.

Exercise 3 :

We consider the following rewriting system R :

$$\{f(1) \rightarrow 1 ; f(h(x, y)) \rightarrow h(s(x), f(y)) ; g(0, 0) \rightarrow h(0, 1) ; g(s(x), 0) \rightarrow 1 ; \\ g(s(x), s(y)) \rightarrow f(g(x, y)) ; g(0, s(y)) \rightarrow h(0, g(s(0), s(y)))\}$$

1. Show that you cannot prove the termination of R using a RPO. Which rule is problematic? Intuitively, why many orders will fail to prove termination?
2. Compute the dependency pairs.
3. Compute the dependency graph (approximation).

Assume that the defined symbols are all of arity ≥ 1 . Let S be a rewrite system and fix C a cycle of its dependency graph. A simple projection for C is a mapping π from every marked symbol $f^\#$ of C of arity n to a number in $\{1, \dots, n\}$. Note then $\pi(C)$ the set

$$\{(t_{\pi(f^\#)}, s_{\pi(g^\#)}) \mid (t, s) \in C\}.$$

4. Prove that if every cycle of the dependency graph of S has a simple projection π such that $\pi(C) \subseteq \succeq$ and $\pi(C) \cap \triangleright \neq \emptyset$, where \succeq is the sub-term ordering, then S terminates.
5. Prove termination of R using question 4.