

# ***Partial Higher Dimensional Automata***

**Session “Young Mathematicians’ Challenge”**

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# *Another aspect of CPS: Concurrency*

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## **Concurrent system:**

**A system with different agents accomplishing their tasks simultaneously, while communicating, competing on resources, ...**

## **Examples:**

- OS
- Computer (multi-core)
- Network
- CPS
- ...

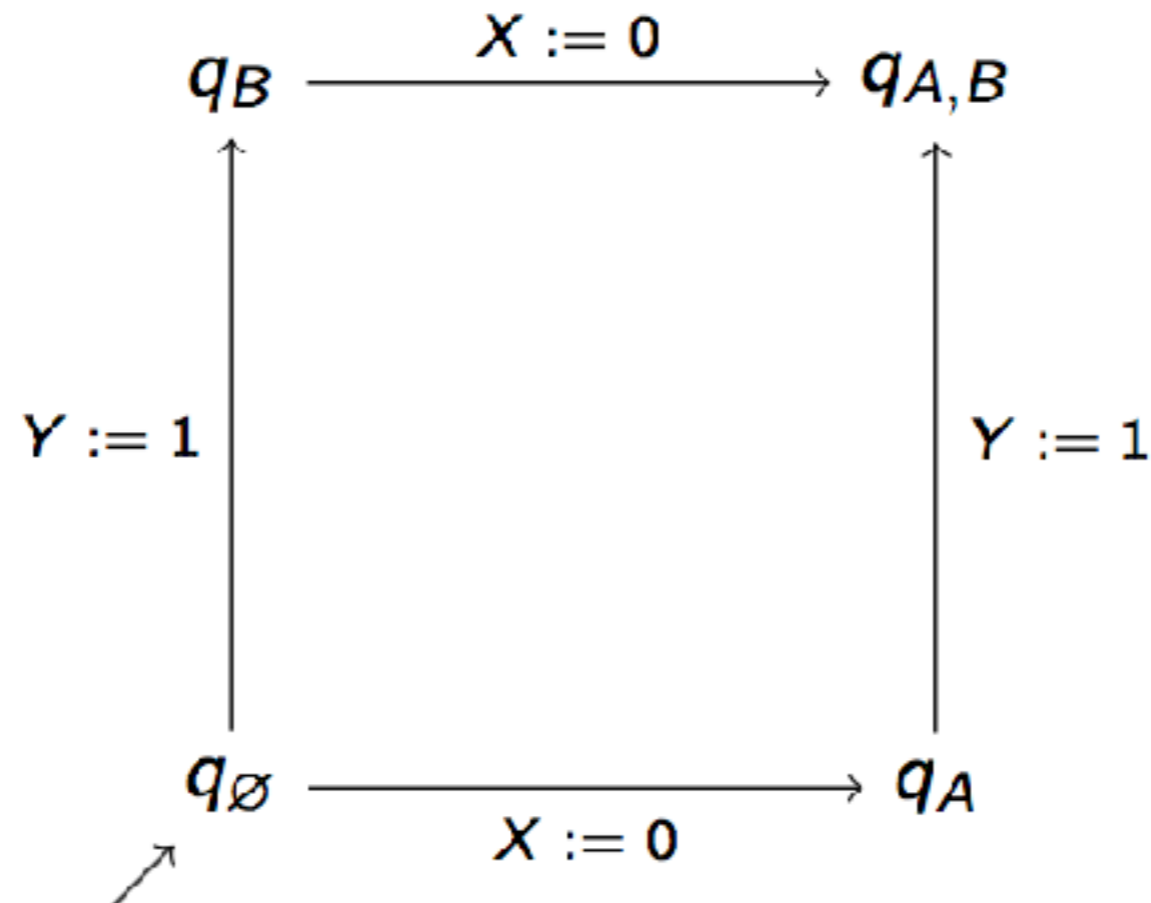
# *Many models of concurrency*

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- **Mutual-exclusion model (Dijkstra, 1965)**
- **Petri nets (Petri, 1962)**
- **Process algebra**
  - \* **Communicating Sequential Processes (Hoare, 1976)**
  - \* **Calculus of Communicating Systems (Milner, 1980)**
  - \*  **$\pi$ -calculus (Milner, Parrow, Walker, 1992)**
- **Parallel Random-Access Machine (Fortune, Wyllie, Goldshlager, 1974)**
- **Actor model (Hewitt, Bishop, Steiger, 1973)**
- **Bulk Synchronous Parallel (Valiant, 1990)**
- **Tuple spaces, Linda (Galernter, Carriero, 1986)**
- **Simple Concurrent Object Oriented Programming (Meyer, 1993)**
- **Reo Coordination Language (Arbab, 2004)**
- ...

# Interleaving concurrency...

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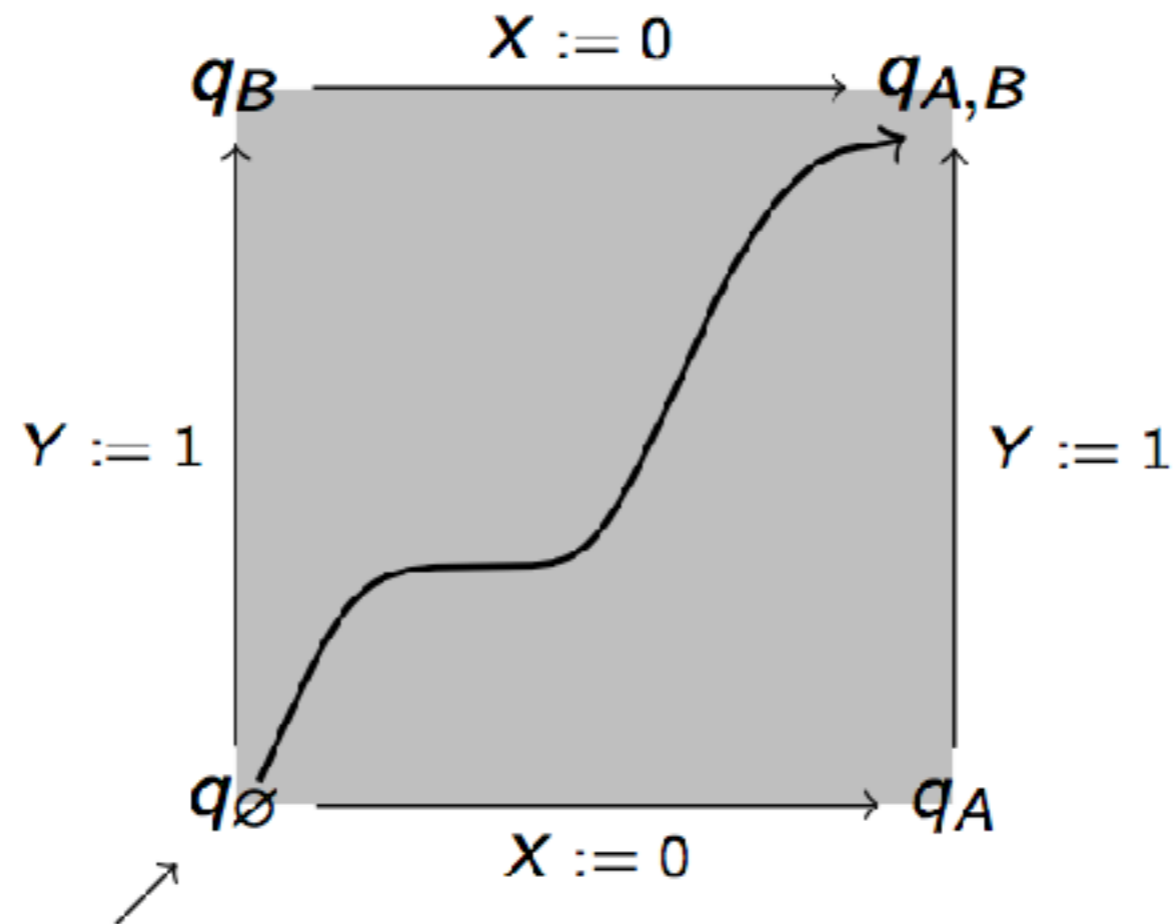
$$X := 0 \parallel Y := 1 \approx (X := 0 ; Y := 1) + (Y := 1 ; X := 0)$$

Two actions in parallel  $\approx$

doing them sequentially, in any order, produces the same result

## ... vs true concurrency

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**Action refinement: “ $X := 0$ ” and “ $Y := 1$ ” are not atomic!**  
**Many other executions between the two interleaved ones**  
 **$\implies$  Abstraction: there is a continuity of executions in-between**

*A geometric model of true concurrency*



*Higher Dimensional Automata*

# Precubical sets

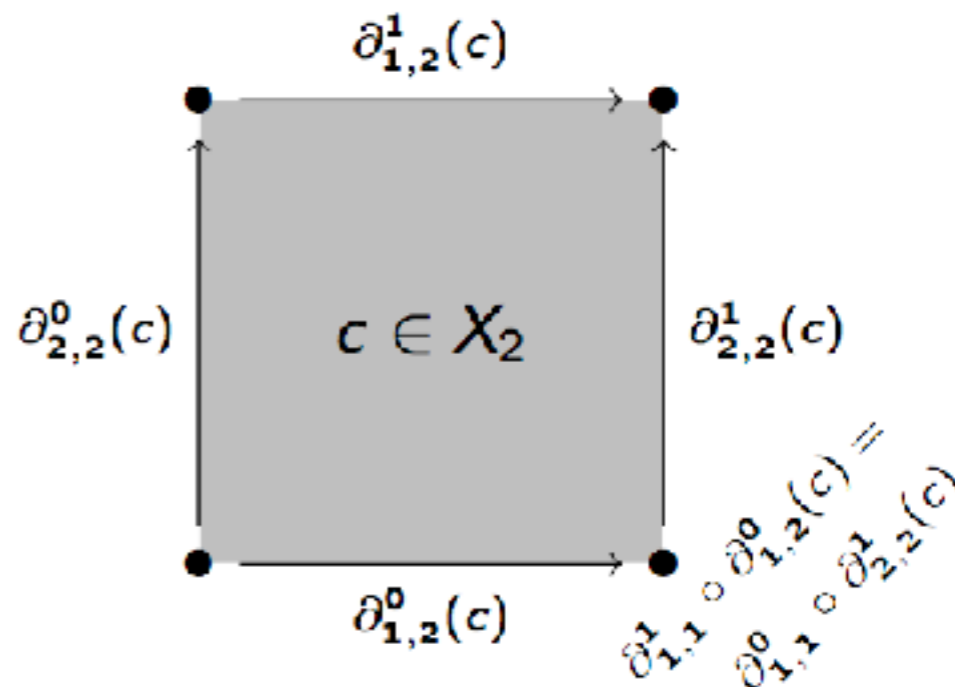
A **precubical set** is:

- a collection of sets  $(X_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ ,
  - a collection of functions  $(\partial_{i,n}^\alpha : X_n \longrightarrow X_{n-1})_{n > 0, 1 \leq i \leq n, \alpha \in \{0,1\}}$
- satisfying for  $i > j$ ,

$$\partial_{j,n}^\beta \circ \partial_{i,n+1}^\alpha = \partial_{i-1,n}^\alpha \circ \partial_{j,n+1}^\beta$$

Directed graph:

- $X_0 =$  set of vertices,
- $X_1 =$  set of edges,
- $X_{n > 1} = \emptyset$ ,
- $\partial_{1,1}^0 =$  source function,
- $\partial_{1,1}^1 =$  target function,
- equations are trivial.



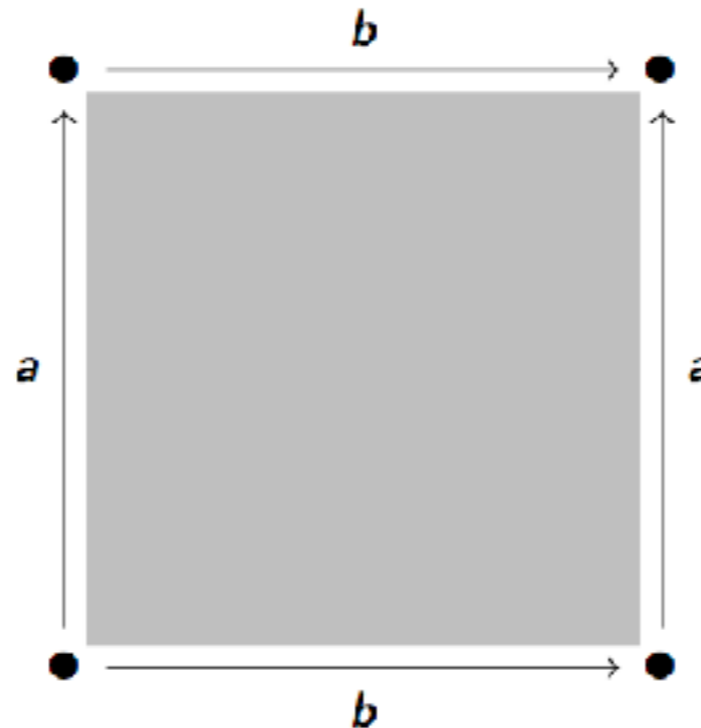
# Higher Dimensional Automata [Pratt91]

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A **Higher Dimensional Automata** is:

- a precubical set  $(X, \partial)$ ,
  - an initial state  $i_0 \in X_0$ ,
  - a labelling function  $\lambda : X_1 \longrightarrow \Sigma$
- satisfying for every  $c \in X_2$ :

$$\lambda(\partial_{i,2}^1(c)) = \lambda(\partial_{i,2}^0(c))$$





# *HDA, categorically*

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The category of HDA is equivalent to the following double slice category of the category of presheaves over the cube category:

$$1 / [ \square^{op}, Set ] / \Sigma$$

*Allowing partiality*

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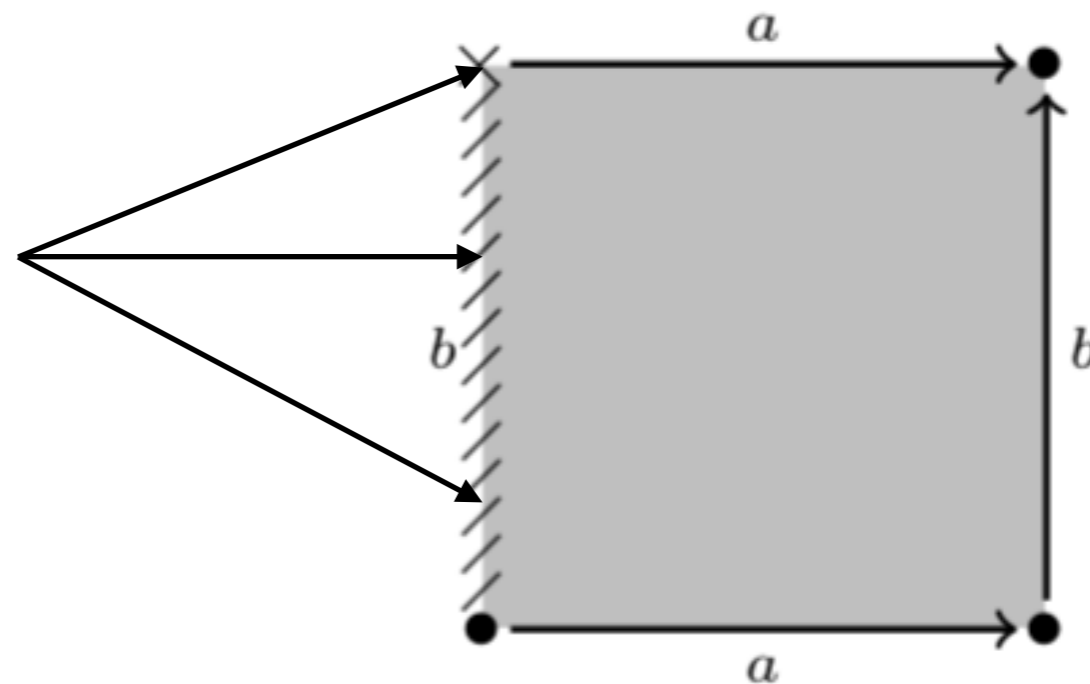
*Category theory wins*

# *Extending HDA?*

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**How would you model:  
“Actions  $a$  and  $b$  can be done at the same time,  
but  $a$  must start before  $b$ .”?**

**States where  $b$  has started  
but not  $a$ .  
Those must be removed.**



## *In an elegant way*

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The category of partial HDA is the following double slice category of the category of lax functors over the cube category:

$$1/Lax(\square^{op}, pSet)/\Sigma$$

**In short: replace some functions (corresponding to the face maps) by partial functions**

# In an ugly way

A ***partial precubical set*** is:

- a collection of sets  $(X_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ ,
- a collection of partial functions  $(\partial_{i_1 < \dots < i_k, n}^{\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_k} : X_n \longrightarrow X_{n-k})_{n > 0, 1 \leq k \leq n, \alpha_j \in \{0, 1\}}$

satisfying for  $i > j$ ,

$$\partial_{j_1 < \dots < j_n}^{\beta_1, \dots, \beta_n} \circ \partial_{i_1 < \dots < i_m}^{\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_m} \subseteq \partial_{k_1 < \dots < k_p}^{\gamma_1, \dots, \gamma_p}$$

A ***partial Higher Dimensional Automata*** is:

- a partial precubical set  $(X, \partial)$ ,
- an initial state  $i_0 \in X_0$ ,
- a collection of labelling functions  $(\lambda_n : X_n \longrightarrow \Sigma^n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$

satisfying for every  $c \in X_n$ :

$$\lambda_{n-1}(\partial_{i,n}^1(c)) = \lambda_{n-1}(\partial_{i,n}^0(c))$$

# *So... now what?*

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- We have a *geometric* model of true concurrency.

$$HDA, pHDA \longrightarrow Top, dTop$$

- We can use tools from mathematics (algebraic topology) to study those models.
- This gave rise to a new mathematical field, the  
**“directed algebraic topology”**

**Come to see my poster to see what this is, and what we can do with algebraic topology in true concurrency!**